In re: Pericak-Vance et al.

Application No.: To be assigned

Filed: Concurrently Herewith

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International Filing Date: July 8, 2003

International Application No.: PCT/US03/22259

IN THE CLAIMS:

(Original) A method of screening a subject for Alzheimer's disease comprising:
detecting the presence or absence of at least one or more markers linked to
Alzheimer's disease, wherein the presence of said marker indicates that the subject is afflicted
with or at risk of developing Alzheimer's disease, and wherein said marker is selected from
the group consisting of D12S1042, D12S1090, D12S1057, D12S1632 and markers within
four centimorgans thereof.

- 2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said marker is linked to age of onset of Alzheimer's disease.
- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said Alzheimer's disease is late-onset Alzheimer's disease.
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said method is a diagnostic method.
- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said method is a prognostic method.
- 6. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said subject is human.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A method for diagnosing a subject as having Alzheimer's disease, or as having a predisposition to Alzheimer's disease comprising:

determining the presence or absence of an allele of a polymorphic marker in the subject, wherein (i) the allele is associated with a phenotypic marker of Alzheimer's disease, and wherein (ii) the polymorphic marker is within a segment selected from the group consisting of:

a segment of chromosome 12 bordered by D12S1042 and D12S1090;

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a segment of chromosome 12 within four centimorgans of D12S1042;

a segment of chromosome 12 within four centimorgans of D12S1090;

a segment of chromosome 12 within four centimorgans of D12S1057; and

a segment of chromosome 12 within four centimorgans of D12S1632.

8. (Original) The method according to claim 7, wherein said determining the presence or

absence of an allele of a polymorphic marker in the subject is performed utilizing DNA or

RNA.

9. (Original) The method according to claim 7, wherein said marker is linked to age of

onset of Alzheimer's disease.

10. (Original) The method according to claim 7, wherein said Alzheimer's disease is late-

onset Alzheimer's disease.

11-14. (Canceled).

15. (Currently Amended) An oligonucleotide primer for amplification of an allele which

is associated with Alzheimer's disease, wherein said allele is located at a locus in a region

selected from the group consisting of:

a segment of chromosome 12 bordered by D12S1042 and D12S1090;

a segment of chromsome chromosome 12 within four centimorgans of D12S1057;

and

a segment of chromosome 12 within four centimorgans of D12S1632.

16. (Original) The oligonucleotide primer of claim 15, wherein said primer is from 5 to

50 nucleotides in length.

17. (Original) The oligonucleotide primer of claim 15, wherein said allele is linked to age

of onset of Alzheimer's disease.

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18. (Original) The oligonucleotide primer of claim 15, wherein said Alzheimer's disease

is late-onset Alzheimer's disease.

19. (Currently Amended) An assay for detecting a gene related to an age of onset disorder

comprising:

providing a biological sample comprising genomic DNA from a patient suspected of

having or at risk for developing said age of onset disorder;

using a probe directed toward a region of a polymorphic marker in the subject,

wherein (i) the marker is associated with a phenotypic marker of Alzheimer's disease, and

wherein (ii) the polymorphic marker is within a segment selected from the group consisting

of:

a segment of chromosome 12 bordered by D12S1042 and D12S1090;

a segment of ehromsome chromosome 12 within four centimorgans of D12S1057;

and

a segment of chromosome 12 within four centimorgans of D12S1632; and

detecting duplications in the region of the genomic sequence of the group of

chromosomes listed above.

20-28. (Canceled).

29. (Currently Amended) A method of screening a subject for Alzheimer's disease or

diagnosing a subject as having Alzheimer's disease, or as having a predisposition to

Alzheimer's disease comprising:

detecting the presence or absence of at least one or more markers or an allele of a

polymorphic marker linked to Alzheimer's disease, wherein the presence of said marker

indicates that the subject is afflicted with or, at risk of developing Alzheimer's disease or is

associated with a phenotypic marker of Alzheimer's disease, and wherein said marker is

selected from a marker near an LRP1 locus.

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30. (Original) The method according to claim 29, wherein said marker is linked to age of onset of Alzheimer's disease.

- 31. (Original) The method according to claim 29, wherein said Alzheimer's disease is late-onset Alzheimer's disease.
- 32. (Original) The method according to claim 29, wherein said marker is located toward the 3' end of the LRP1 gene.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 29, wherein said marker is within three centimorgans of D121632 D12S1632.

34-42. (Canceled).